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# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

**FACING PAGE** 

Information	Required of	Brokers and	Dealers Pur	suant to Sect	ion 17 of the
Secu	rities Exchan	ge Act of 193	34 and Rule	17a-5 Thereu	nder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		2005 A M/DD/YY	ND ENDING <u>Jun</u>	MM/DD/YX
A. REG	ISTRANT	IDENTIFICAT	TON	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Financia	l Securi	ty Management,	Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do	not use P.O. Box N	(o.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
575 Lynnhaven Parkway S	uite 310			
	(No	and Street)		
Virginia Beach	VA		23452	•
(City)		(State)	(Zig	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO C	ONTACT IN REGA	757 431–1	
B. ACC	OUNTAN	T IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w Witt Mares, PLC		is contained in this		
150 West Main Street Suite 11	150	Norfolk, VA	23510	
(Address)	(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSEE	
Certified Public Accountant			SEP 2 5 2006	
☐ Public Accountant			3999	
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or	any of its possession	THOMSON IN FINANCIAL	
		CIAL USE ONLY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the examption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _		Reginald C. Corinaldi	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financial statement a Financial Security Management, Inc.	
		June 30 , 20 06 the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer ed solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
			Signatura
		-	President Title
Thi XX CX	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Notary Public  Poort ** contains (check all applicable boxes): Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claim	Fern E. Vazquez NOTARY PUBLIC Commonwealth of Virginia My Commission Expires October 31, 2009  S' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	(g) (h) (i)	Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Information Relating to the Possession or Control Require A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. ements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirem A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited State consolidation.  An Oath or Affirmation.	ents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# Financial Security Management, Inc.

FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2006



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Financial Security Management, Inc. Virginia Beach, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Financial Security Management, Inc. as of June 30, 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Financial Security Management, Inc., at June 30, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in comformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Norfolk, Virginia August 14, 2006

Witt Mares, PLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2006

A	S	S	${f E}$	T	S

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 222,686
Investments	20,018
Commissions receivable	32,525
Accounts receivable - related party	25,000
Prepaid expenses	29,104
Property and equipment, net	16,323
Licensing costs, net	2,591
Total assets	\$ 348,247

# LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

# LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses	\$ 9,956
Commissions payable	22,083
Deferred income taxes	8,016
Total liabilities	40,055
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Common stock - No par value, 5,000 shares	
authorized, 1,500 shares issued and outstanding	15,000
Additional paid-in capital	91,667
Retained earnings	201,525
Total stockholders' equity	308,192
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 348.247



# Statement of Income Year Ended June 30, 2006

COMMISSION INCOME	\$ 1,622,819
EXPENSES	
Commissions	1,082,837
Management fees	439,000
Professional fees	25,339
Taxes and licenses	37,429
Office expense	12,446
Depreciation	4,115
Amortization	1,641
Education	4,903
	1,607,710
Gross profit	15,109
INTEREST INCOME	6,967
OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)	
Interest expense	(2)
Realized loss on investments	(1,984)
Unrealized gain on investments	2,193
om validou gami on my vountaino	207
Net income before income taxes	22,283
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	3,684
NET INCOME	\$ 18,599



# Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Year Ended June 30, 2006

	SI	hares	 Common Stock	 Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings
Retained earnings, beginning of year		1,501	\$ 15,000	\$ 91,667	\$ 182,926
Net income			 	 	 18,599
Retained earnings, end of year	\$	1,501	\$ 15,000	\$ 91,667	\$ 201,525



# Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2006

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$	18,599
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		4,115
Amortization		1,641
Deferred income taxes		(2,841)
Net decrease in trading investments		(444)
Decrease in commissions receivable		1,539
Decrease in prepaid expense		(17,181)
Increase in accrued expenses		10,063
Decrease in commissions payable		(545)
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,946
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment		(5,166)
Net cash used by operating activities		(5,166)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		9,780
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning	<del></del>	212,906
Ending	<u>\$</u>	222,686



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

### NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Nature of Business

Financial Security Management, Inc. (the "Company") is a limited broker/dealer dealing solely in mutual funds and variable annuities, and is located in the Commonwealth of Virginia. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Financial Security Companies, LLC. (FSC)

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method for financial reporting purposes.

### Affiliates and Ownership

On August 18, 2003, the Company's stockholders formed Financial Security Companies, LLC, a Virginia limited liability company. FSC wholly owns Financial Security Management, Inc., and also wholly owns Financial Security Group, Inc. (FSG) and Financial Security Advisory, Inc. (FSA). The Company's former stockholders are now stockholders of FSC. These financial statements do not include accounts and transactions of these affiliates.

# Recognition of Revenue and Expenses

The Company reports its commission income and expense on a settlement date basis.

#### Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments purchased with maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

### Licensing Costs

Licensing costs are amortized over fifteen years using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

### Investments

The Company's investments consist of trading securities that are primarily money market mutual funds. Securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading account securities and recorded at their fair market values based on stock market quotes. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading account securities are included in other income.

# Intangibles

Intangibles are amortized over three years using the straight-line method.

#### Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Accordingly, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes, using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Differences relate to the use of accrual basis accounting for financial statement purposes and cash basis accounting for income tax purposes. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequences of those differences which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

### NOTE 2. INCOME TAXES

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Income taxes are reconciled to the Company's actual income tax expense as follows:

Current: Federal State	\$ 4,564 1,961
Deferred: Federal State	(844) (1.997)
Provision for income taxes	\$ 3,684

ned)

(Continued)

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# **NOTE 2. INCOME TAXES** (Concluded)

The Company's total deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

Total deferred tax assets	\$ 397
Less Valuation Allowance	
	397
Total deferred tax liabilities	 (8,413)
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ (8,016)

These amounts have been presented in the Company's financial statements as follows:

Deferred income taxes, current	\$ (8,016)
Deferred income taxes, noncurrent	 
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ (8,016)

### NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2006 consists of the following:

Computer equipment	\$	22,770
Less: accumulated depreciation	<del></del>	6,447
Net property	\$	16,323

### NOTE 4. LIABILTIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

The Company has no subordination agreements.

### NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

FSG provides office space, supplies and administrative support to the Company. The Company paid total fees of \$439,000 to FSG for the year ended June 30, 2006. No outstanding balances were due at year-end.

As of June 30, 2006, FSG owed the Company \$25,000, which constituted an intercompany loan.



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# NOTE 6. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At June 30, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$240,018, which was \$235,018 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The company's net capital ratio was 9 to 1 at June 30, 2006.



# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934



# Schedule I

# Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission June 30, 2006

NET CAPITAL	
Stockholders' equity	\$ 308,192
Deferred income taxes	8,016
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	316,208
Deduct non-allowable assets:	
Accounts receivable - related party	25,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	45,427
Licensing costs, net	2,591
Haircuts on security positions	3,172
	76,190
Net capital	\$ 240,018
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Items included in statement of financial condition:	
Commissions payable	\$ 22,083
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 22,083</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
Minimum net capital required	\$ 5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 235,018
Ratio: Aggregate indebtness to net capital	.09 to 1
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION  Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II	
(unaudited) FOCUS report as of June 30, 2006	\$ 250,009
Allowable credits - deferred income taxes  Audit adjustments to the following accounts:	8,016
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, expenses and other	(18,007)
Net capital per above	\$ 240,018



Schedule II
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
June 30, 2006

Financial Security Management, Inc. is a limited broker dealer, exclusively dealing in the purchase, sale, and redemption of mutual funds and variable annuities. All funds received in the connection with the activity of the firm are promptly transmitted, and are not held in the custody of the firm.

All of the transactions of the company are in accordance with the provisions of exemption K(1) under SEC Rule 15c3-3. The Company was in compliance with this exemption.



# Schedule III

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission June 30, 2006

Financial Security Management, Inc. is a limited broker dealer, exclusively dealing in the purchase, sale, and redemption of mutual funds and variable annuities. All funds received in the connection with the activity of the firm are promptly transmitted, and are not held in the custody of the firm.

All of the transactions of the company are in accordance with the provisions of exemption K(1) under SEC Rule 15c3-3. The Company was in compliance with this exemption.



Schedule IV

Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures and Options Accounts June 30, 2006

Financial Security Management, Inc. is a limited broker dealer, exclusively dealing in the purchase, sale, and redemption of mutual funds and variable annuities. All funds received in the connection with the activity of the firm are promptly transmitted, and are not held in the custody of the firm.

All of the transactions of the company are in accordance with the provisions of exemption K(1) under SEC Rule 15c3-3. The Company was in compliance with this exemption.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors Financial Security Management, Inc. Virginia Beach, Virginia

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Financial Security Management, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2006, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Norfolk, Virginia August 14, 2006

With Mares, PLC

